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- ◆ A "Flammable Liquid" means a liquid having a flash point below 37.8°C (100°F) and a vapour pressure below 275 kilopascals absolute at 37.8°C (100°F). i.e. some paints; toluene, gasoline.
 - ◆ Always refer to the product material safety data sheet to determine if a product is a flammable liquid. For consumer products, contact the supplier directly.
 - ◆ Flammable liquids must be labelled with a supplier or workplace label.
 - ◆ Flammable liquids must be stored away from any source of ignition; ideally outdoors protected from direct sunlight and a minimum of 3 metres (10 ft.) from exit doors. An approved flammable liquid storage cabinet can be used to store up to 235 litres (50 gallons) indoors.
 - ◆ All flammable liquid containers must be sealed or tightly capped. Portable containers must be C.S.A. or U.L.C. approved. In a workplace, portable containers must ensure the prevention of any leakage or spillage of the liquids or be in containers equipped with spring loaded caps. Containers holding gasoline will be red in colour. Containers holding diesel will be yellow.
 - ◆ Dispense flammable liquids outdoors. They can only be dispensed indoors if the area is provided with mechanical ventilation.
 - ◆ Portable containers must be bonded and grounded during dispensing of flammable liquids. Continuity of ground assemblies must be checked at the time of installation and quarterly thereafter.
 - ◆ A current Material Safety Data Sheet must be readily available. Refer to the MSDS for handling, use, storage procedures, and wearing of personal protective equipment.
 - ◆ Employees who may handle, use or store flammable liquids must be trained accordingly.
 - ◆ Always refer to the product material safety data sheet to determine if a product is a flammable liquid. For consumer products, contact the supplier directly.